| Ways to Link Ideas and Create Cohesion in Writing: A Maturity Continuum |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of Link / Cohesive Tie | Age Range | Example | Description |
| Structural words | Gr 1 begins using these <br> Gr 2 moves to more advanced levels | first, next, last, finally, later | Linguistic markers structure information |
| Connectors: emphasize relationships | Gr 3 and above use these, through high school. | Add: for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so, also | Coordinating conjunctions join ideas |
|  | These can serve as powerful cue words to reveal text structures such as cause/effect or compare/contrast as well. <br> They not only create cohesion but show relationships. <br> They also serve to create more complex sentences. | Time: after, before, until, when, while | Subordinating conjunctions join ideas, but show more complex relationships than do coordinating conjunctions. These also often serve to introduce the less important, dependent clause in a complex sentence. |
| Fanboys <br> Aaawwubbis |  | Place: where, wherever |  |
|  |  | Elaborate: For example, |  |
|  |  | Manner: as if, by, like |  |
|  |  | Cause: although, because, since, yet, unless, as a result, despite, in order to |  |
|  |  | Contrast: however, instead of, rather, despite, |  |
| Lexical / Semantic | Repeat key words intentionally | Birds can soar. They soar to the sky. | Synonyms or exact words repeated |
| Anaphoric (pronouns, referents) |  | Sue is a cook. She makes food. | Refer back to idea from prior sentence |
| Meta-structural |  | Now I will describe..., In the prior section, | Linking phrases or sentences leading to or linking back to next or prior content |

Based on: Effects of Two Types of Self-Regulatory Instruction Programs on Students with Learning Disabilities in Writing Products, Processes, and SelfEfficacy: J García-Sánchez and R Fidalgo-Redondo: Learning Disability Quarterly, Vol. 29, No. 3.
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